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Inspection of immigrants at Cienfuegos during the week ended March 30, 1901.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, April 1, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended March 30, 1901:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from,	No. of immigrants.
Mar. 25 Mar. 28	Steamship SantiagoSteamship Ardanmhor	New York	2 1
	Total		3

Respectfully,

T. D. BERRY, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Havana-Quarantine regulations for the protection of Cuba.

HAVANA, CUBA, March 25, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended March 23, 1901:

There have been no new cases of yellow fever, nor any deaths reported for the week. To date there have been 4 cases during the month, and 1 death, the latter being that of a case reported during the previous month.

During the week 2 Spanish barques, from Montevideo, which had been under quarantine supervision since the early part of February, pending discharge of their cargoes of jerked beef (tasajo), received their final disinfection and were granted free pratique.

The following regulations were issued for the protection of public health in Cuba by the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba and approved by the military governor.

No. 78.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF CUBA, Havana, March 20, 1901.

The military governor of Cuba, upon the recommendation of the chief quarantine officer for the island, directs the publication of the following additional rules to the quarantine laws and regulations of the United States for the protection of public health in the island.

1. Vessels arriving at Cuban ports from foreign infected ports will be subjected to disinfection and quarantine detention during the quarantine season, at the discretion of the chief quarantine officer.

2. Masters of vessels clearing from foreign ports for ports in the island of Cuba must obtain a bill of health signed by the proper officer or officers of the United States, setting forth the sanitary history and condition of said vessel, and that it has in all respects complied with the rules and regulations in such cases prescribed for securing the best sanitary condition of said vessel, its cargo, passengers, and crew. Any vessel clearing and sailing from any such port without such bill of health, and entering any port of Cuba, shall be subject to quarantine detention and disinfection.

3. Passengers arriving in Cuba from ports infected with yellow fever or other quarantinable disease will, at the discretion of the chief quarantine officer of Cuba, be detained under observation a sufficient length of time to cover the incubative period of the disease.

Passengers from Vera Cruz, Progreso, and other ports where medical officers of the United States Marine-Hospital Service are detailed for duty in the office of the United States consul, shall procure certificates of health and immunity to smallpox from said officers prior to departure from said ports. Masters of vessels who shall attempt to